

VISTA: Visual-Textual Knowledge Graph Representation Learning

Jaejun Lee, Chanyoung Chung, Hochang Lee,

Sungho Jo, and Joyce Jiyoung Whang*

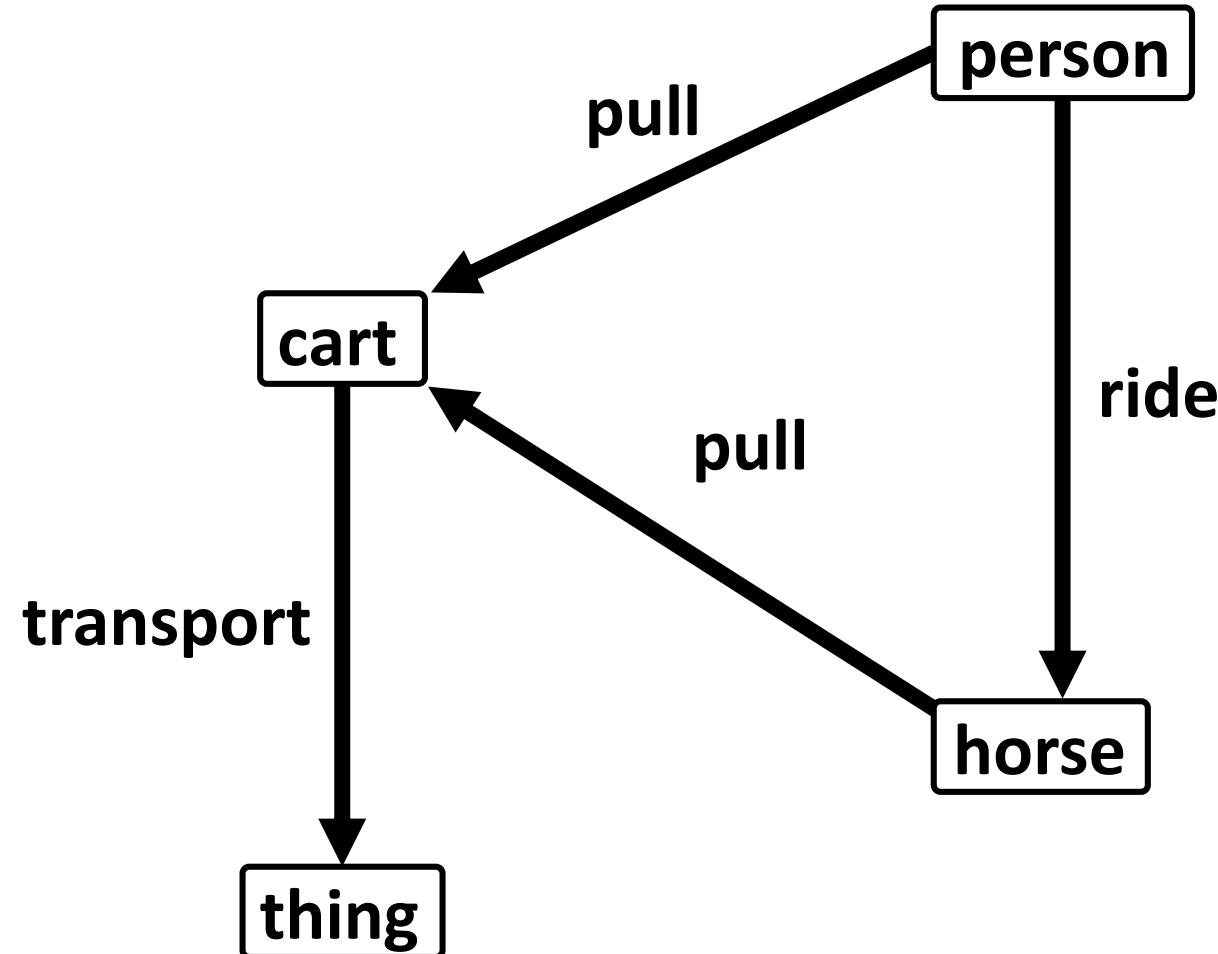
School of Computing, KAIST

* Corresponding Author

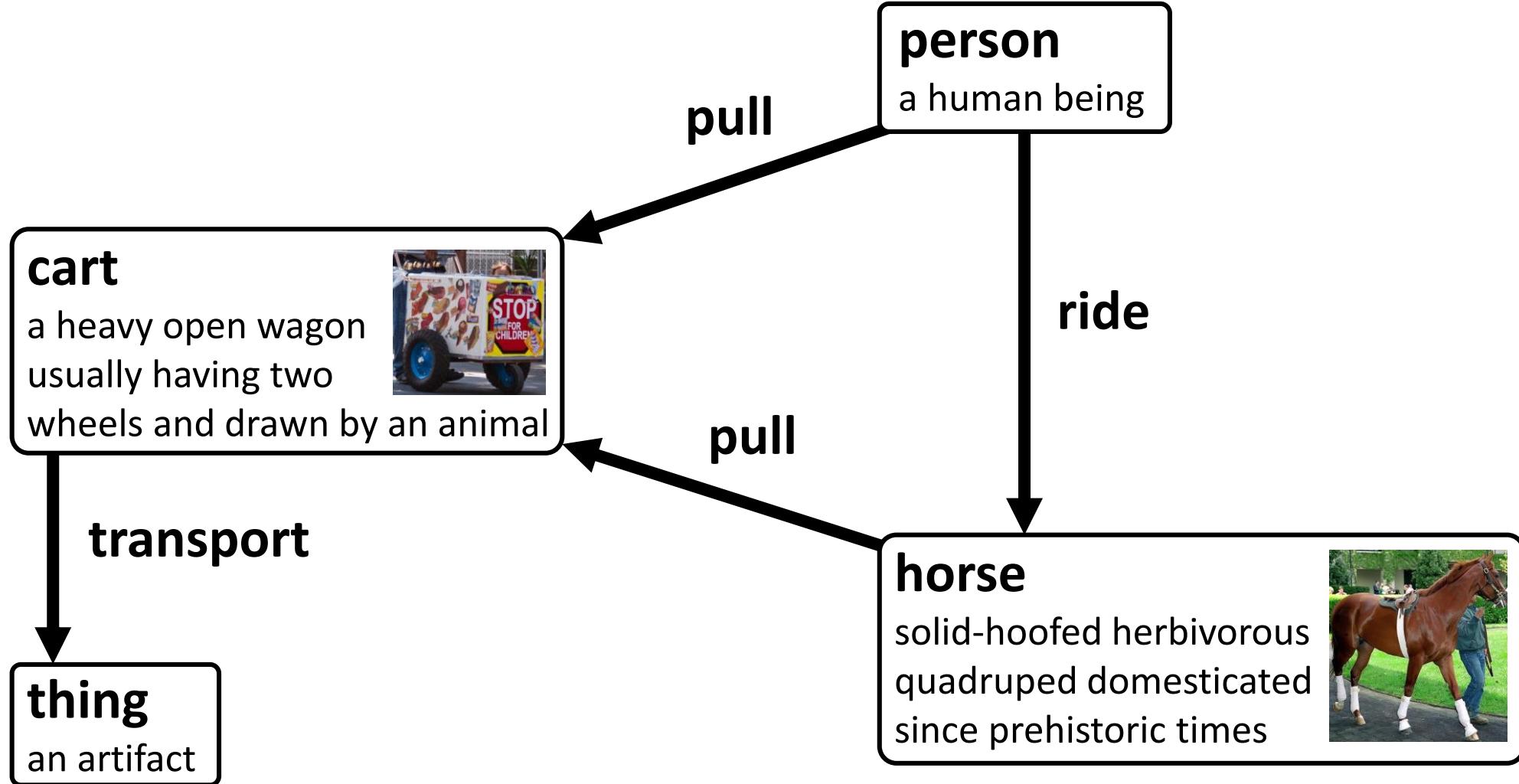
The 2023 Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing
(EMNLP 2023)



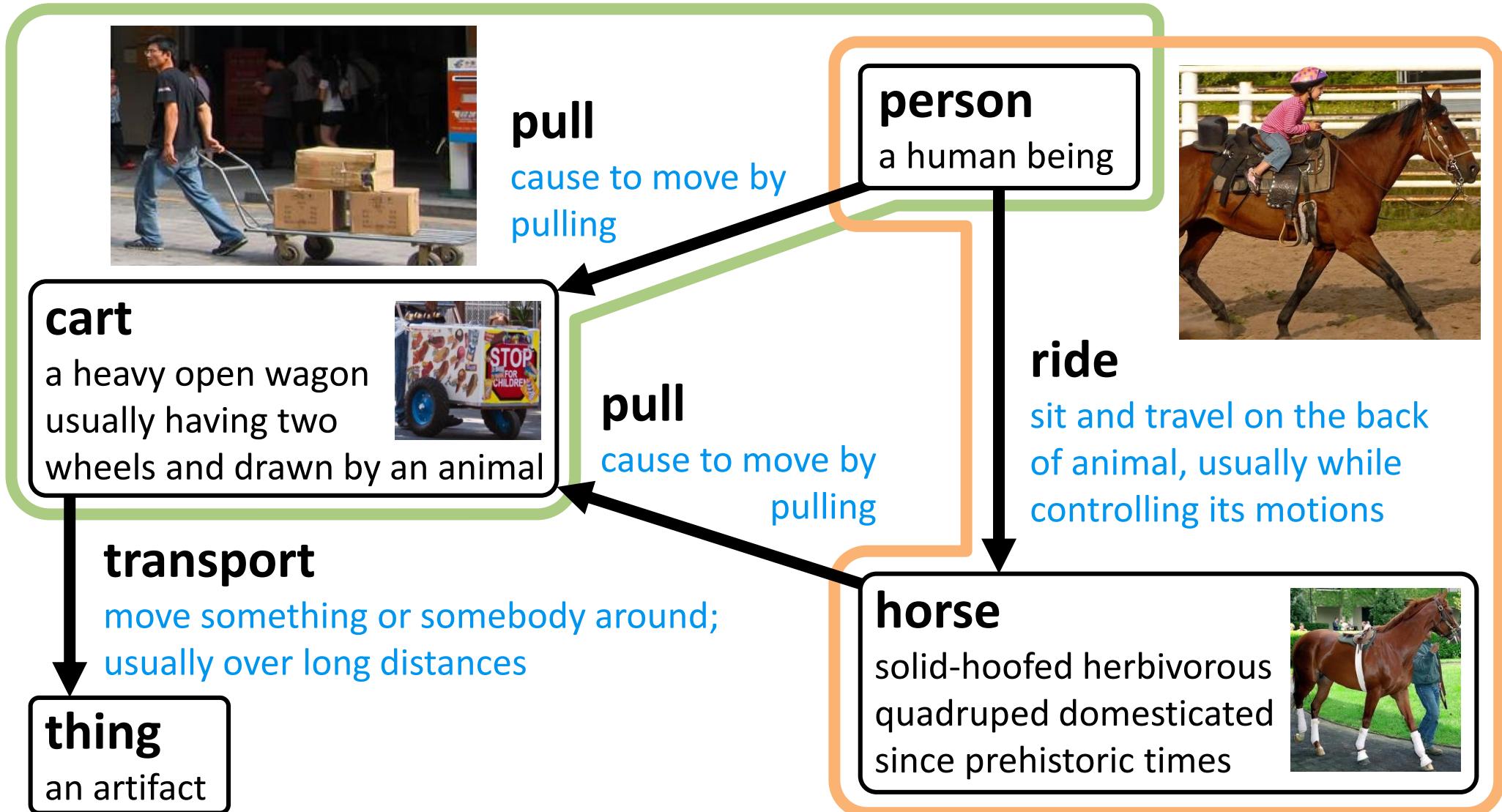
Knowledge Graphs



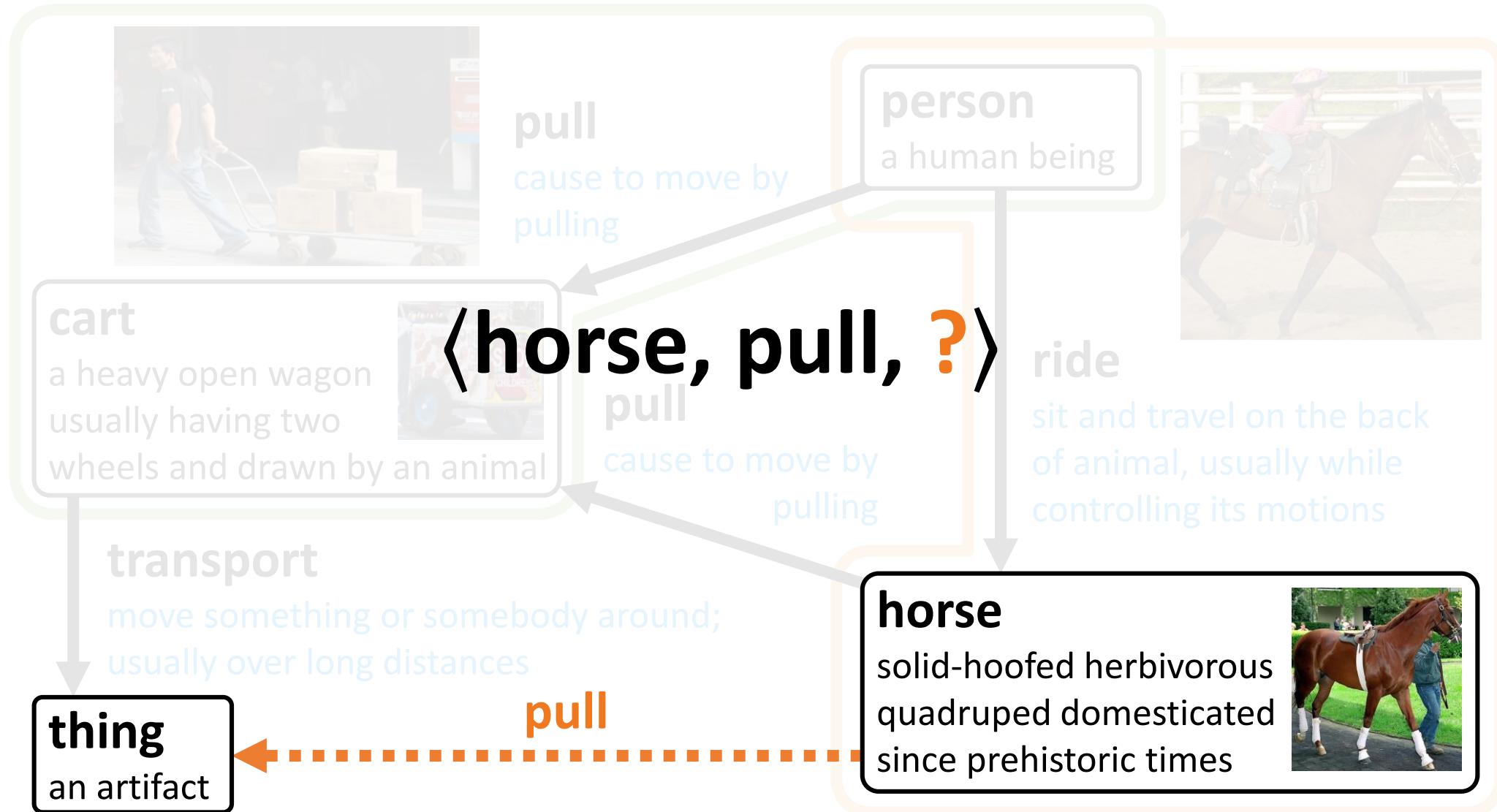
Multimodal Knowledge Graphs



Visual-Textual Knowledge Graphs (VTKGs)



Link Prediction on VTKGs



Contributions

- Define **Visual-Textual Knowledge Graphs (VTKGs)**
 - Create two real-world datasets: **VTKG-C** and **VTKG-I**
- Propose **VISual-TextuAI (VISTA)** knowledge graph representation learning method
 - VISTA utilizes the **visual and textual features of relations and entities**
 - Define an entity encoder, a relation encoder, and a triplet decoder
- VISTA outperforms **10 different** state-of-the-art knowledge graph completion methods, including multimodal knowledge graph representation learning methods

Creating Real-World VTKGs

VRD



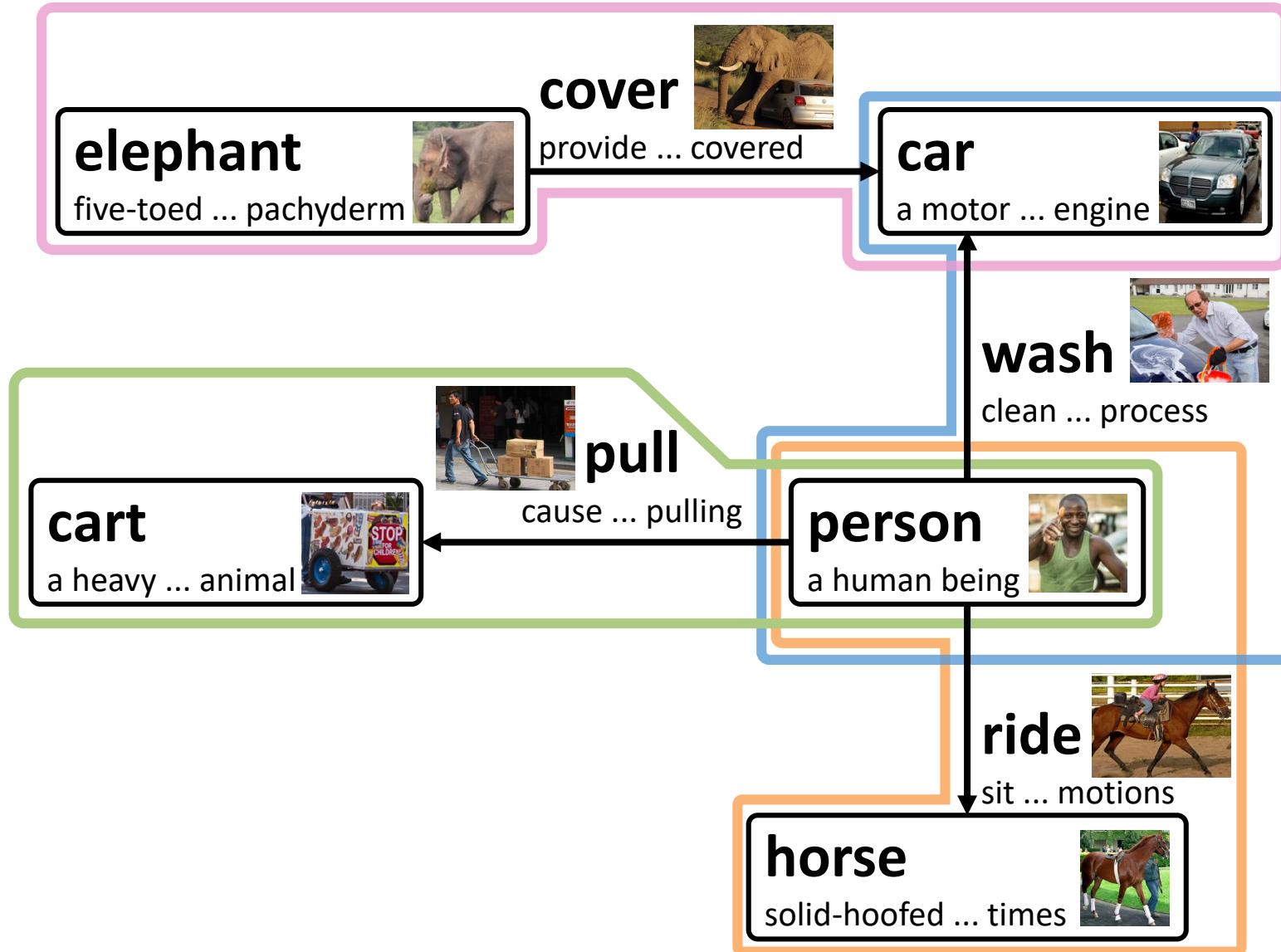
HICO-DET



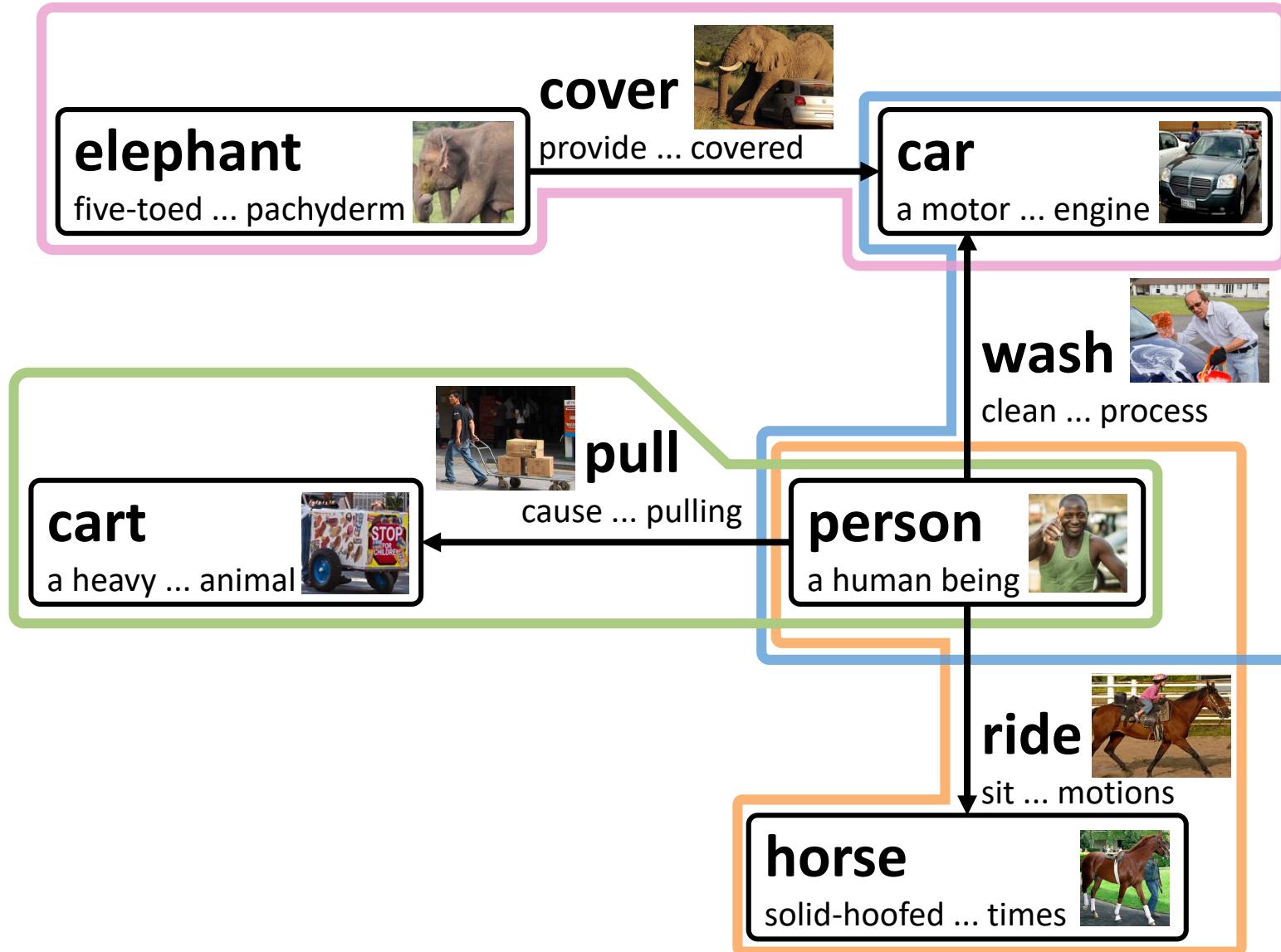
UnRel



Creating Real-World VTKGs: VTKG-I



Creating Real-World VTKGs: VTKG-C



WordNet Search - 3.1
- [WordNet home page](#) - [Glossary](#) - [Help](#)

Word to search for:

Display Options: Key: "S." = Show Synset (semantic) relations, "W." = Show Word (lexical) relations
Display options for sense: (gloss) "an example sentence"

Noun

- [S. \(n\) wordnet](#) (any of the machine-readable lexical databases modeled after the Princeton WordNet)
- [S. \(n\) WordNet](#) (Princeton WordNet (a machine-readable lexical database organized by meanings; developed at Princeton University))

WordNet

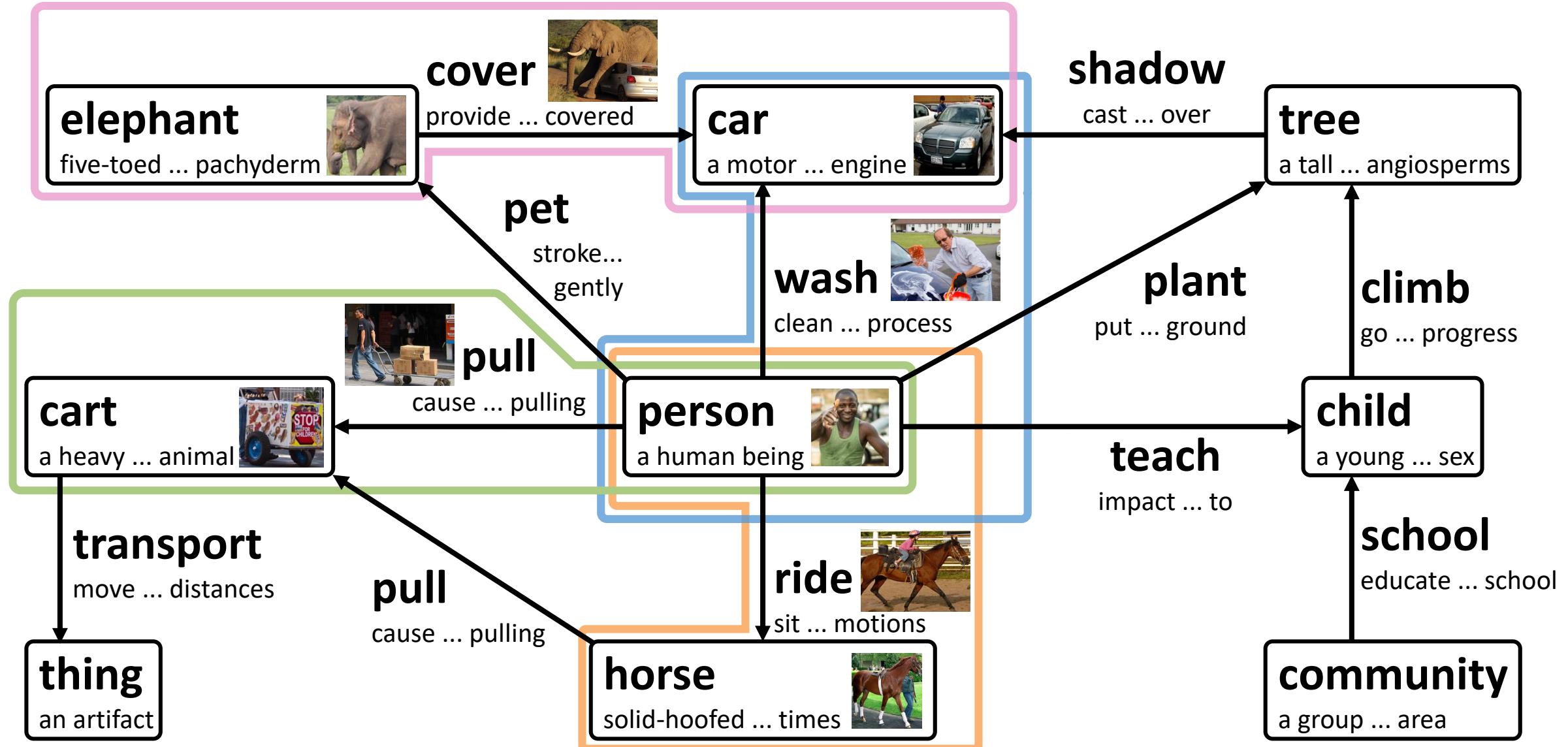
ConceptNet
An open, multilingual knowledge graph

ConceptNet



VisKE

Creating Real-World VTKGs: VTKG-C



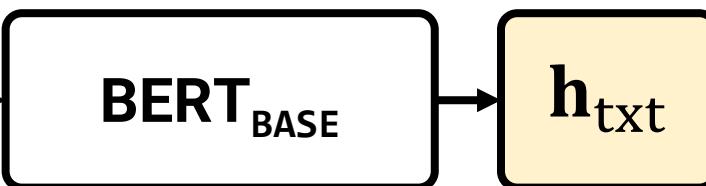
Extracting Visual and Textual Features of Entities

Visual Features of horse



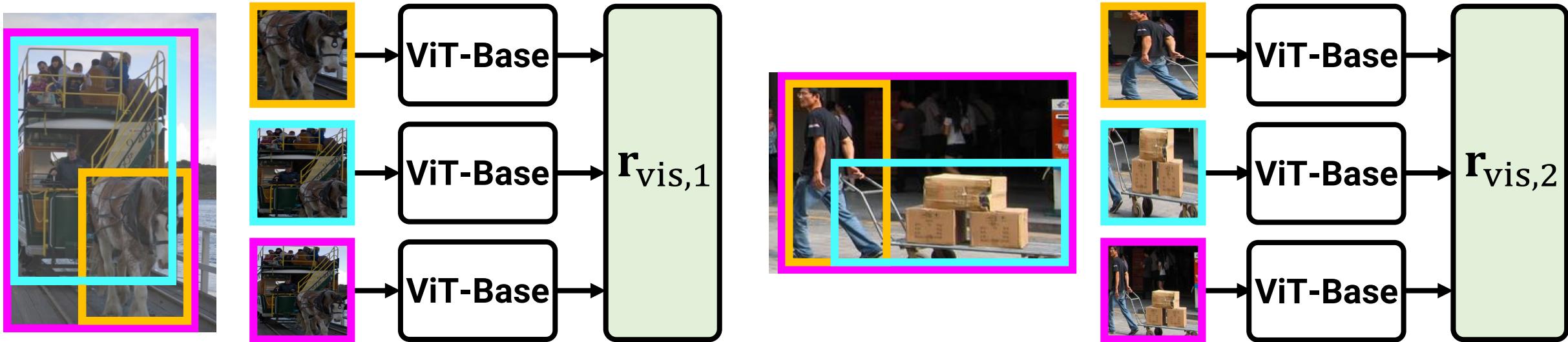
Textual Feature of horse

solid-hoofed herbivorous quadruped
domesticated since prehistoric times

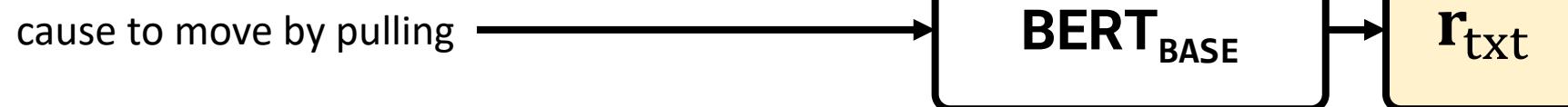


Extracting Visual and Textual Features of Relations

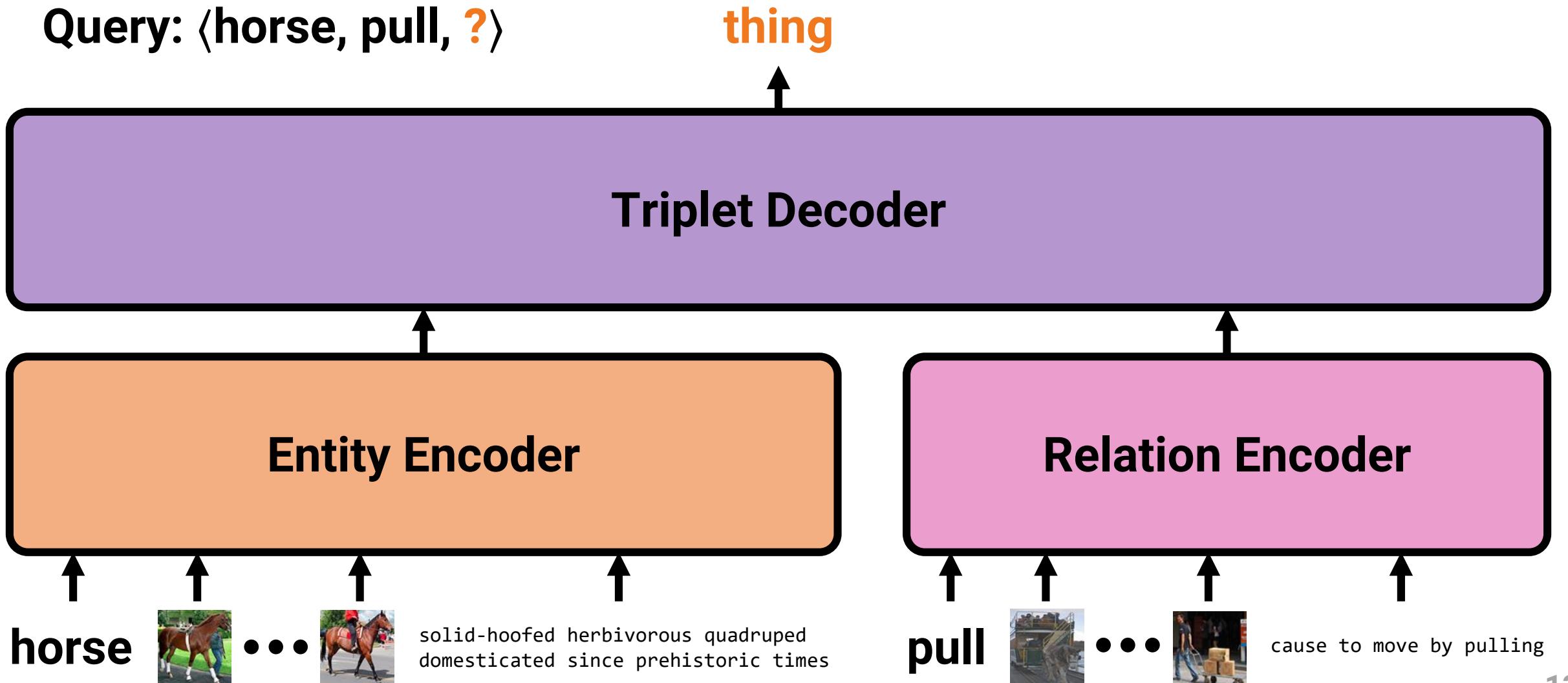
Visual Features of **pull**



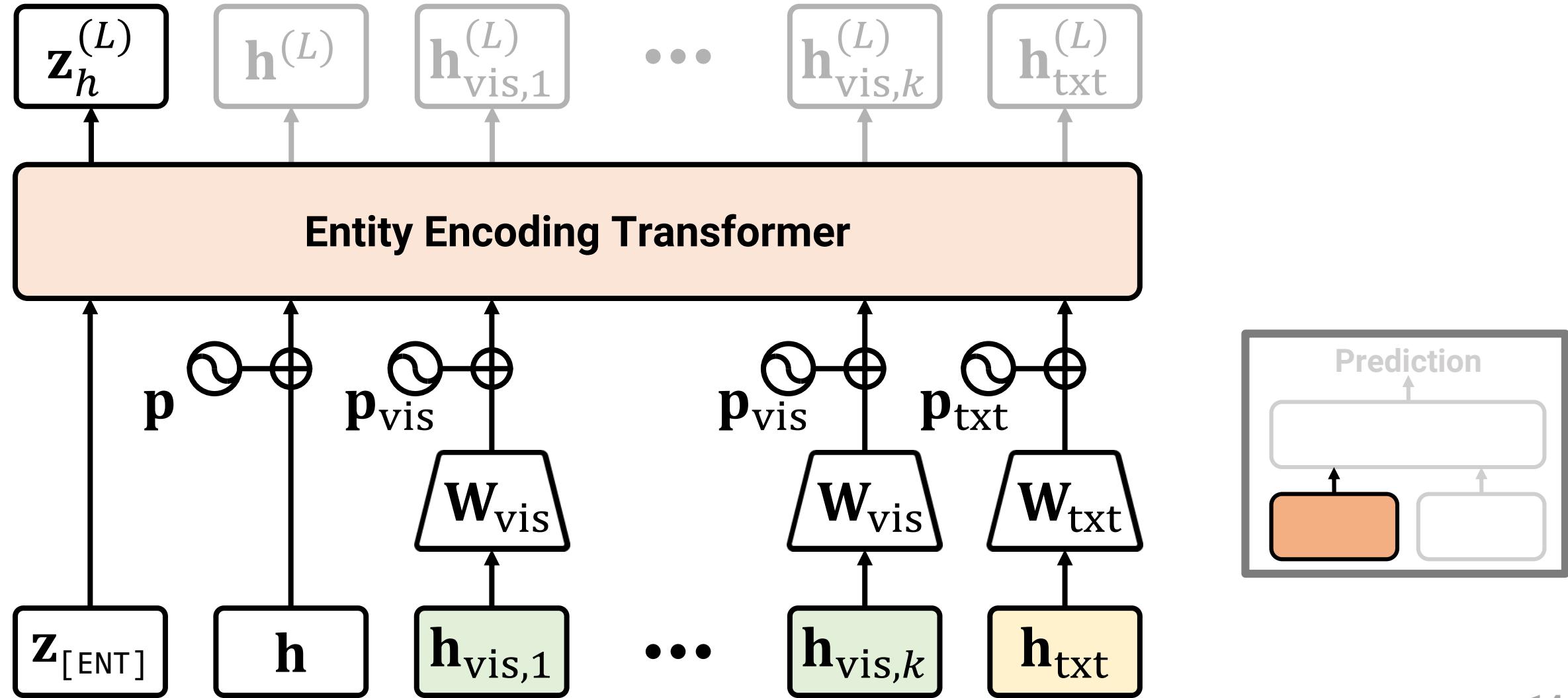
Textual Feature of **pull**



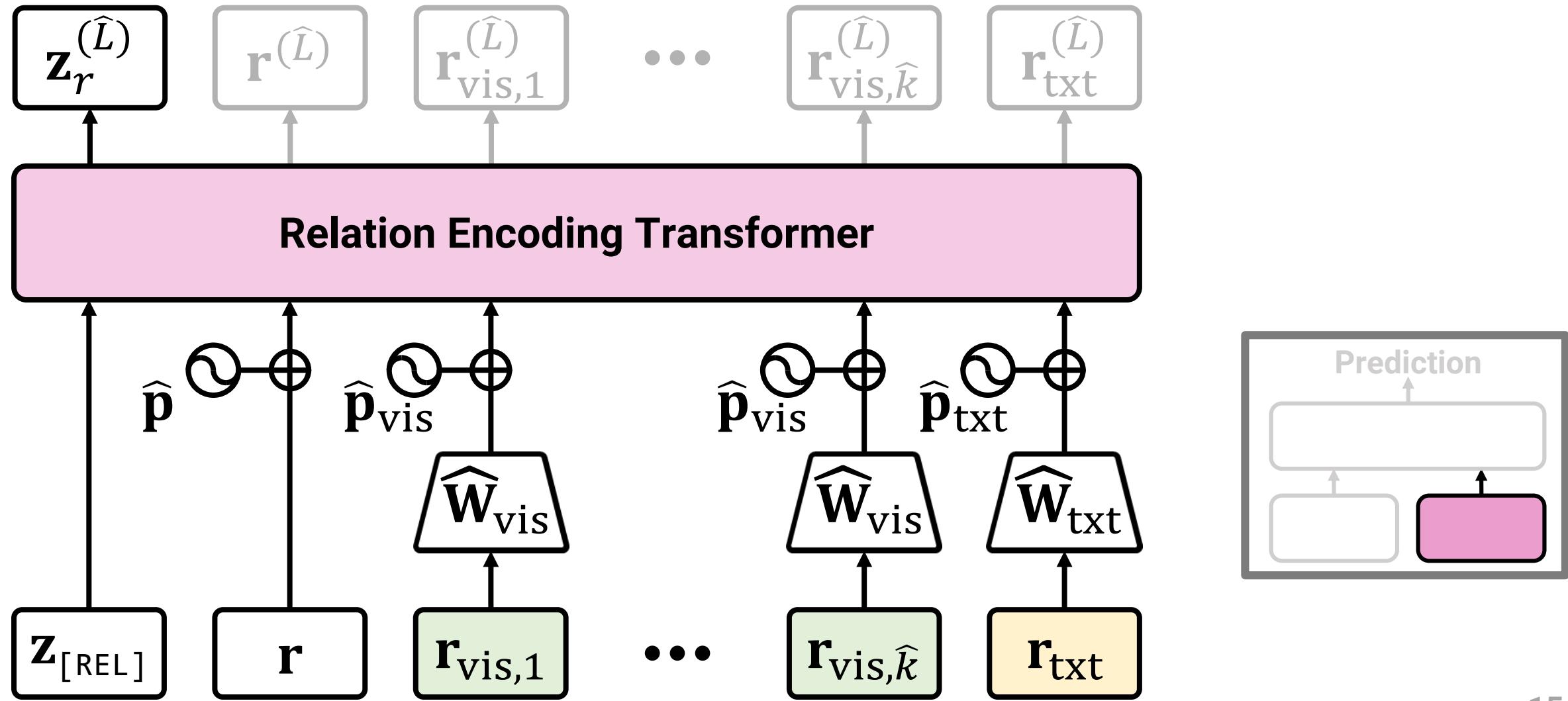
Overview of VISTA



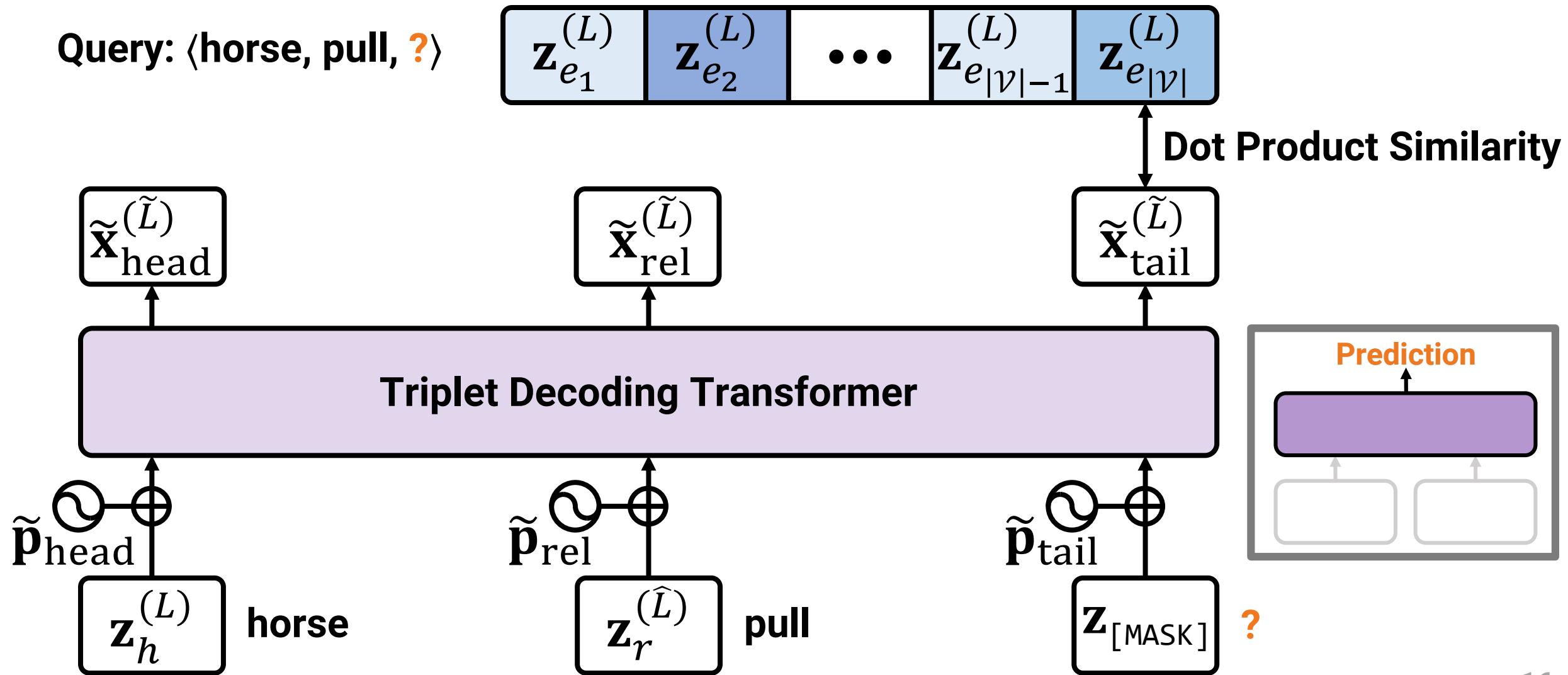
Entity Encoder



Relation Encoder



Triplet Decoder



Experiments

- Datasets
 - Create two **Visual-Textual Knowledge Graphs (VTKGs)**
 - VTKG-I, VTKG-C
 - Two Benchmark Multimodal Knowledge Graphs
 - WN18RR++ (WN18RR with corrections), FB15K237

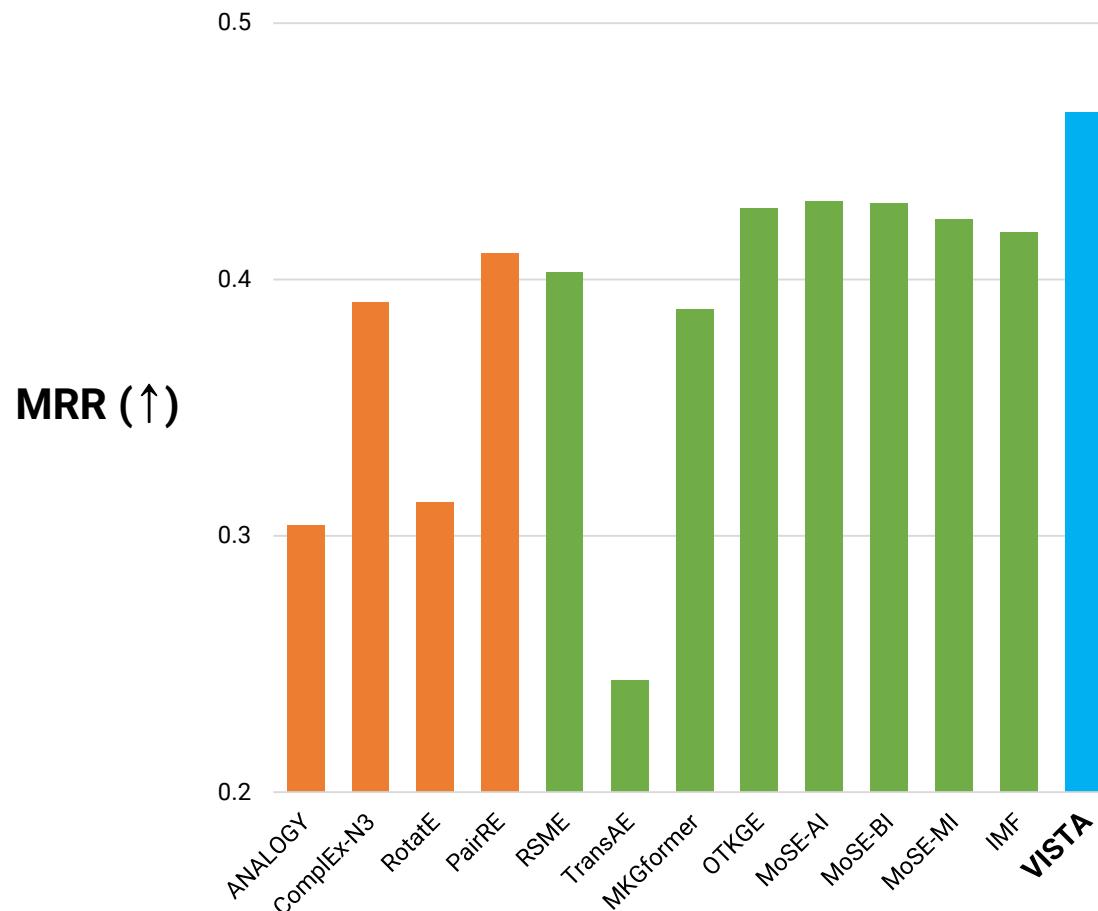
	$ \mathcal{V} $	$ \mathcal{R} $	$ \mathcal{T} $	No. of Images ↓	No. of Text Descriptions ↖
	$ \mathcal{V} $	$ \mathcal{R} $	$ \mathcal{T} $	$ \mathcal{J} $	$ \mathcal{D} $
VTKG-I	181	217	1,316	390,658	383
VTKG-C	43,267	2,731	111,491	461,007	45,401
WN18RR++	41,105	11	93,003	70,349	41,105
FB15K237	14,541	237	310,116	145,944	14,515

Experiments

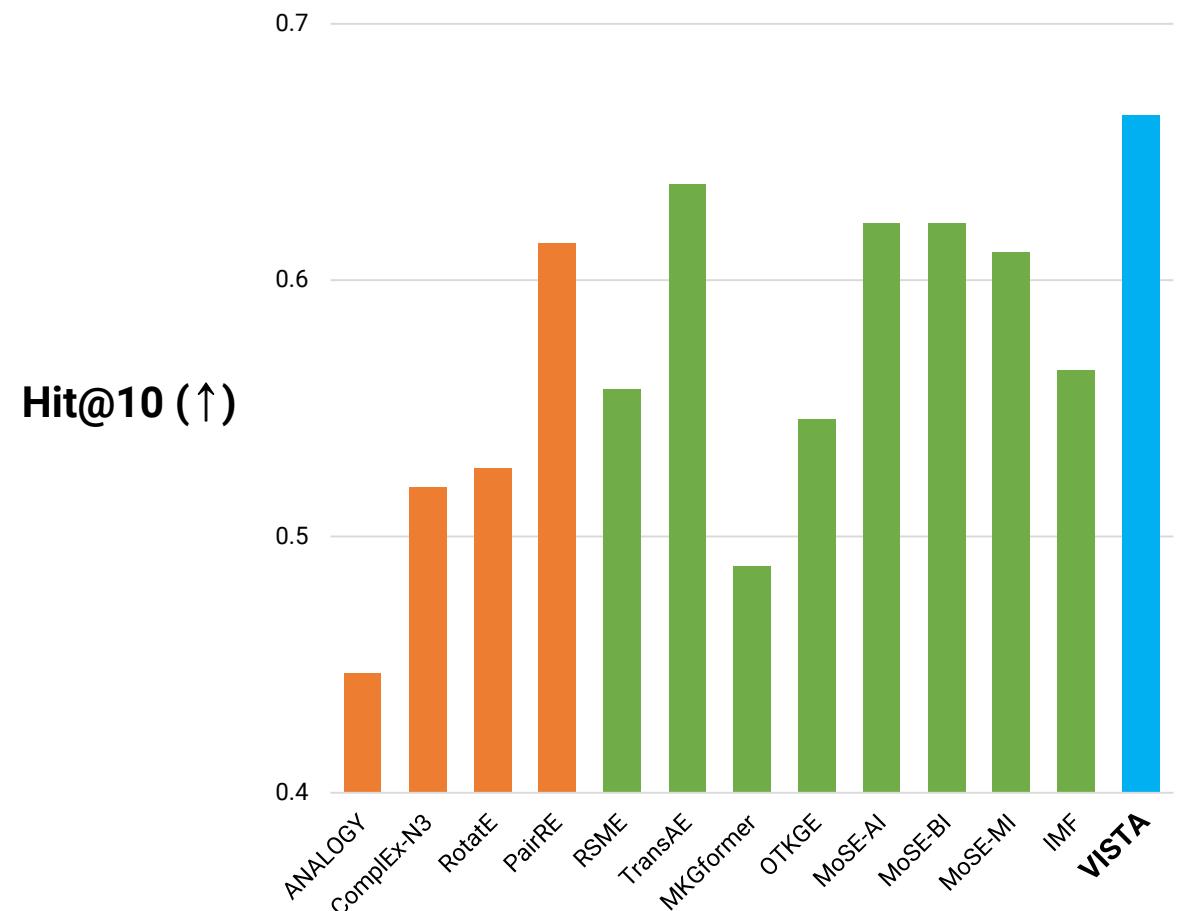
- Comparison with **10 baseline methods**
 - Knowledge Graph Embedding Methods
 - ANALOGY (ICML 2017)
 - ComplEx-N3 (ICML 2018)
 - RotatE (ICLR 2019)
 - PairRE (ACL 2021)
 - Multimodal Knowledge Graph Representation Learning Methods
 - RSME (MM 2021)
 - TransAE (IJCNN 2019)
 - MKGformer (SIGIR 2022)
 - OTKGE (NeurIPS 2022)
 - MoSE (EMNLP 2022)
 - IMF (TheWebConf 2023)

Knowledge Graph Completion Performance

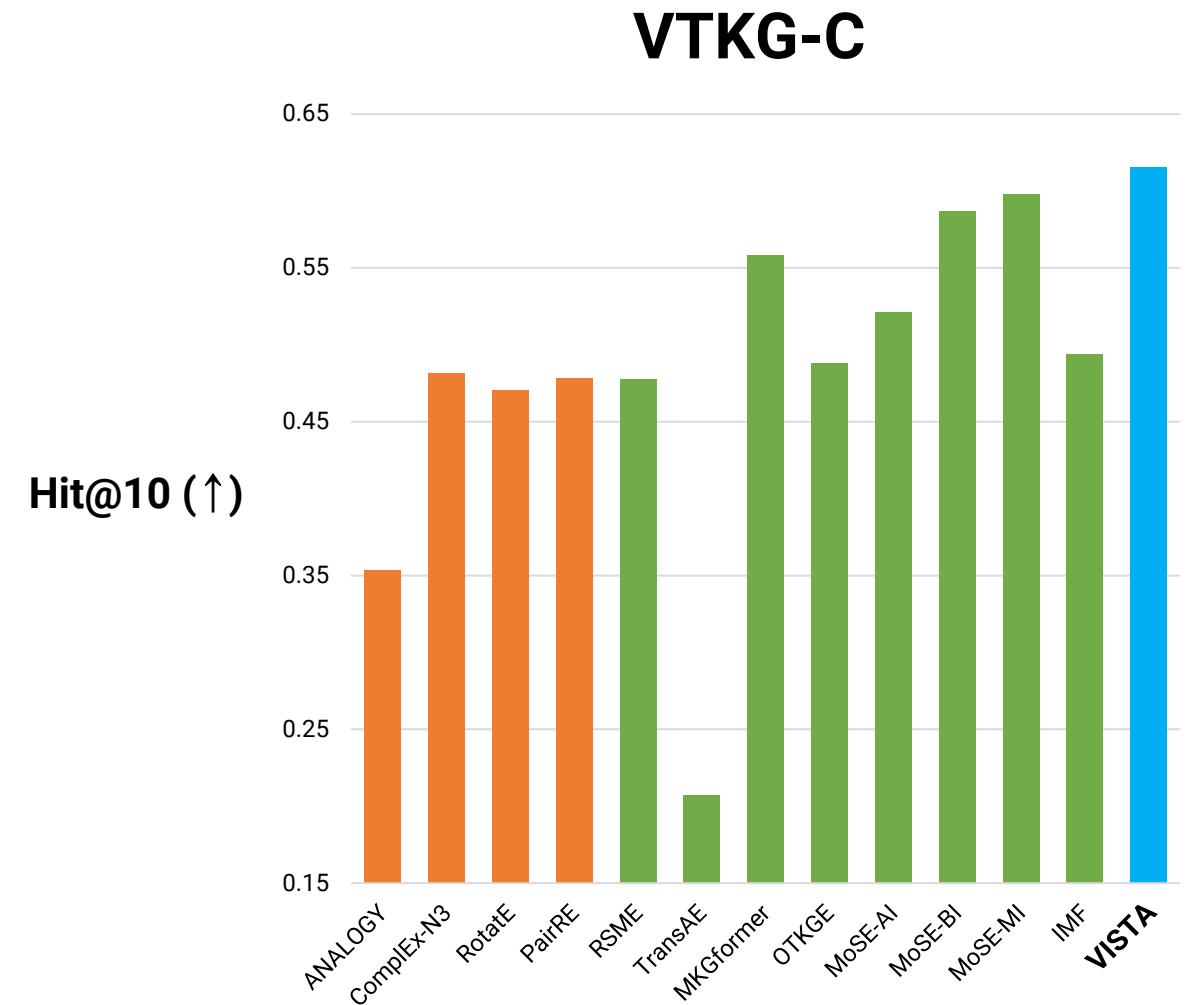
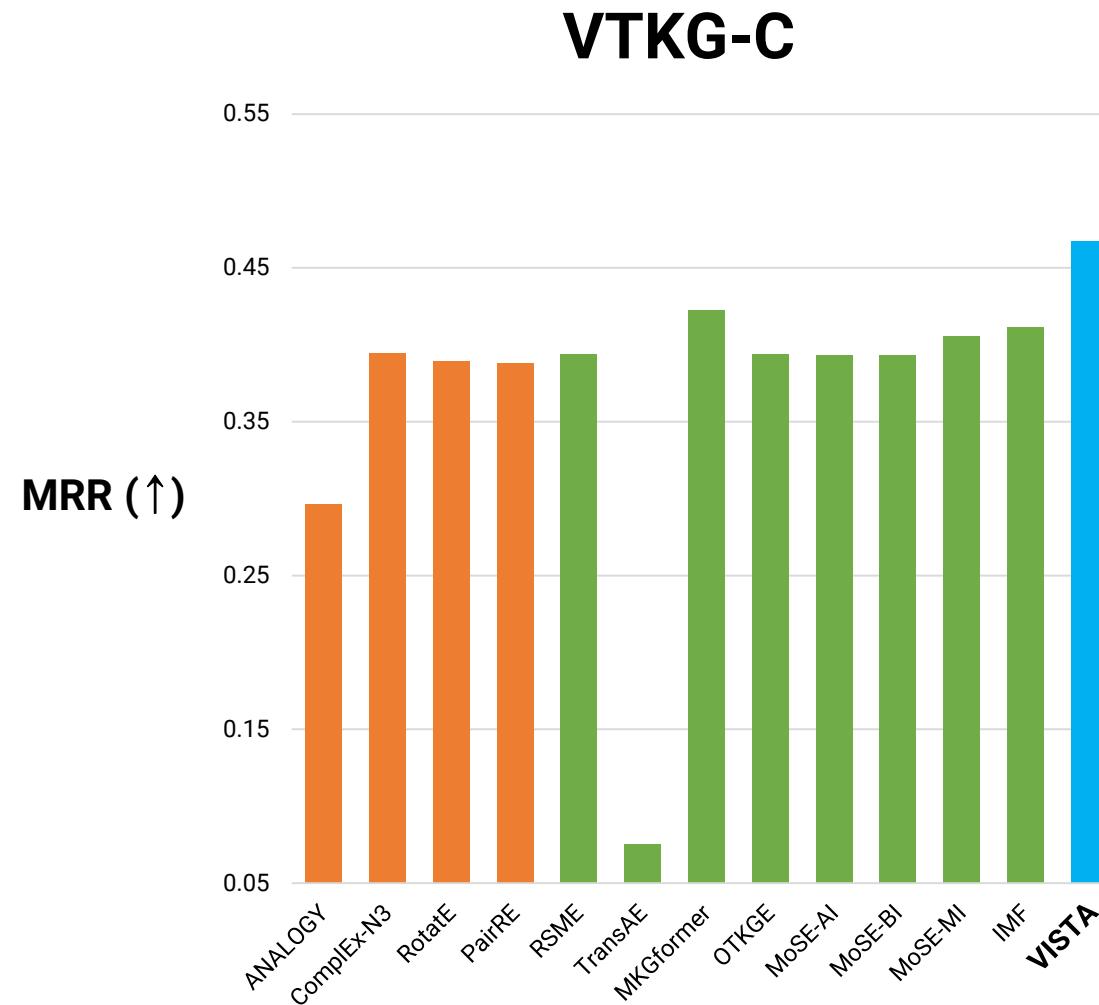
VTKG-I



VTKG-I

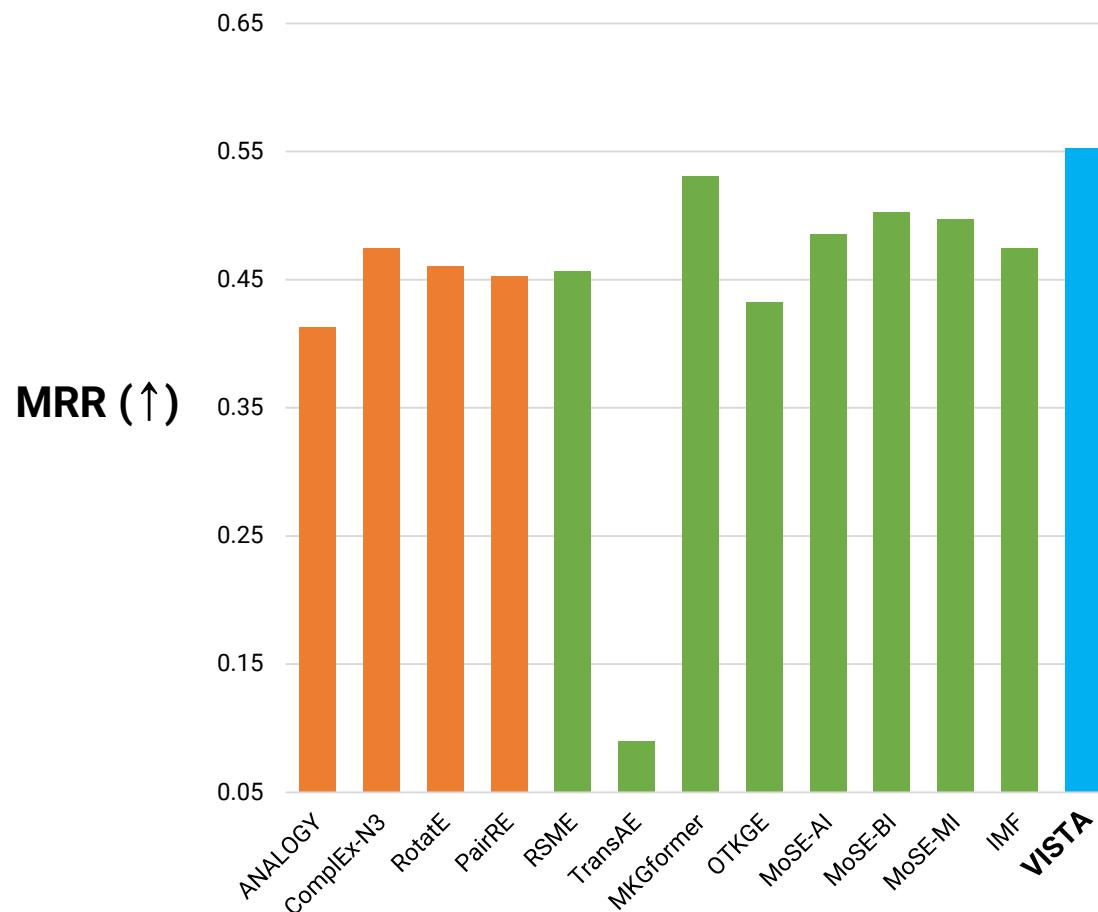


Knowledge Graph Completion Performance

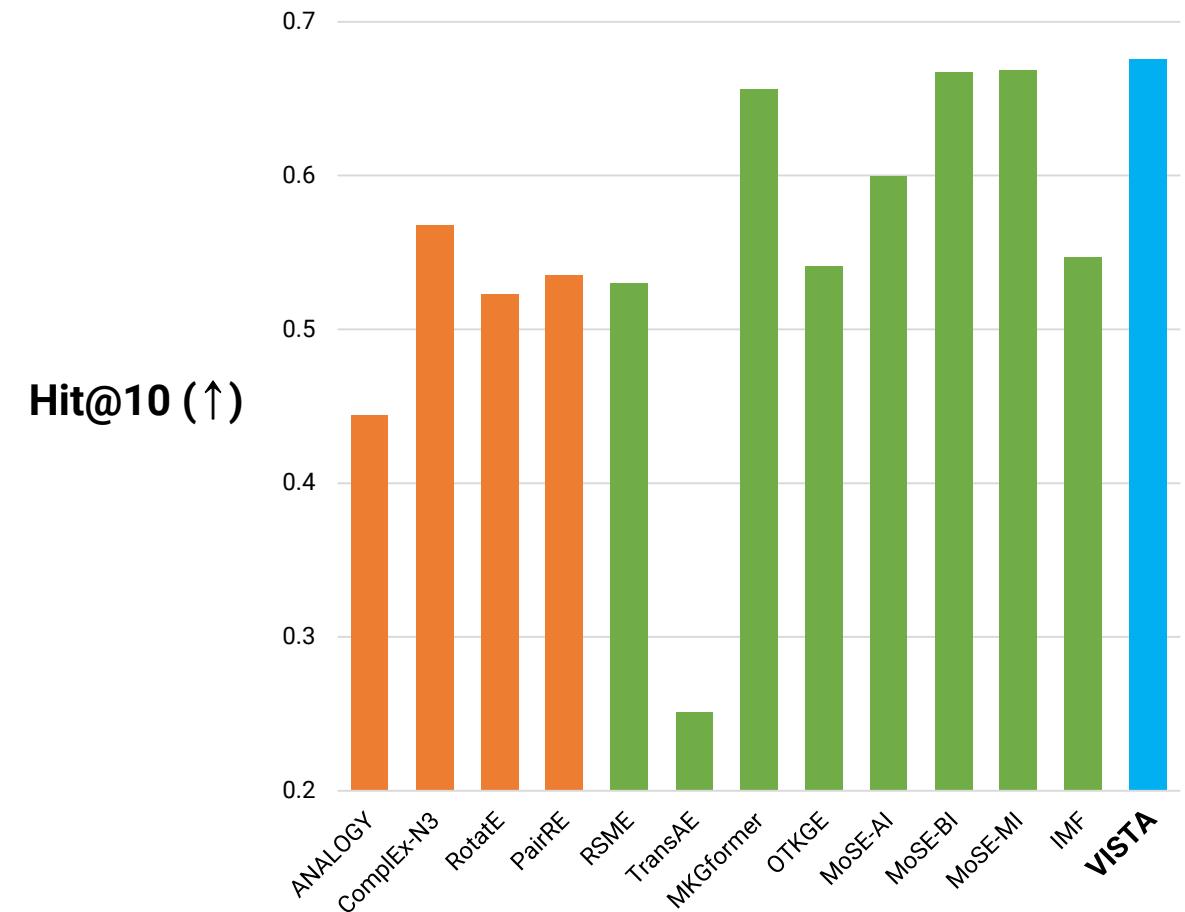


Knowledge Graph Completion Performance

WN18RR++

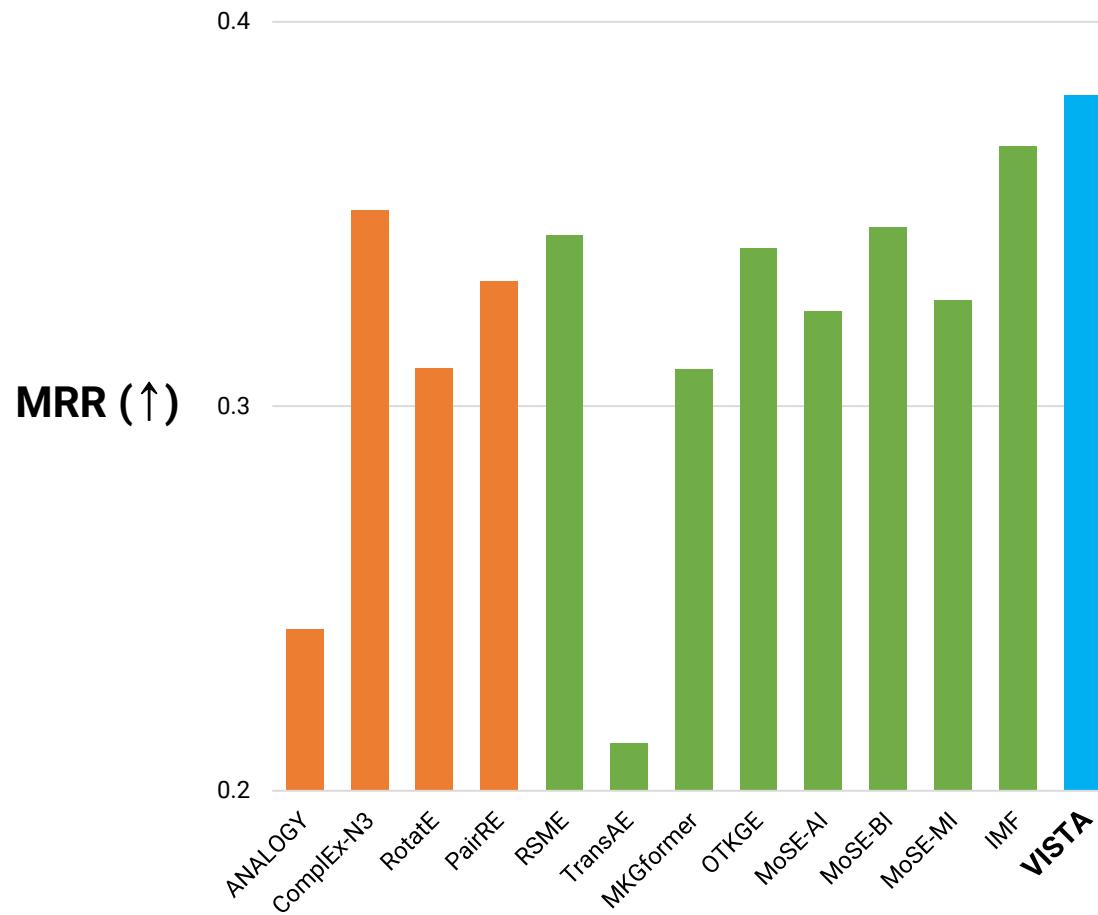


WN18RR++

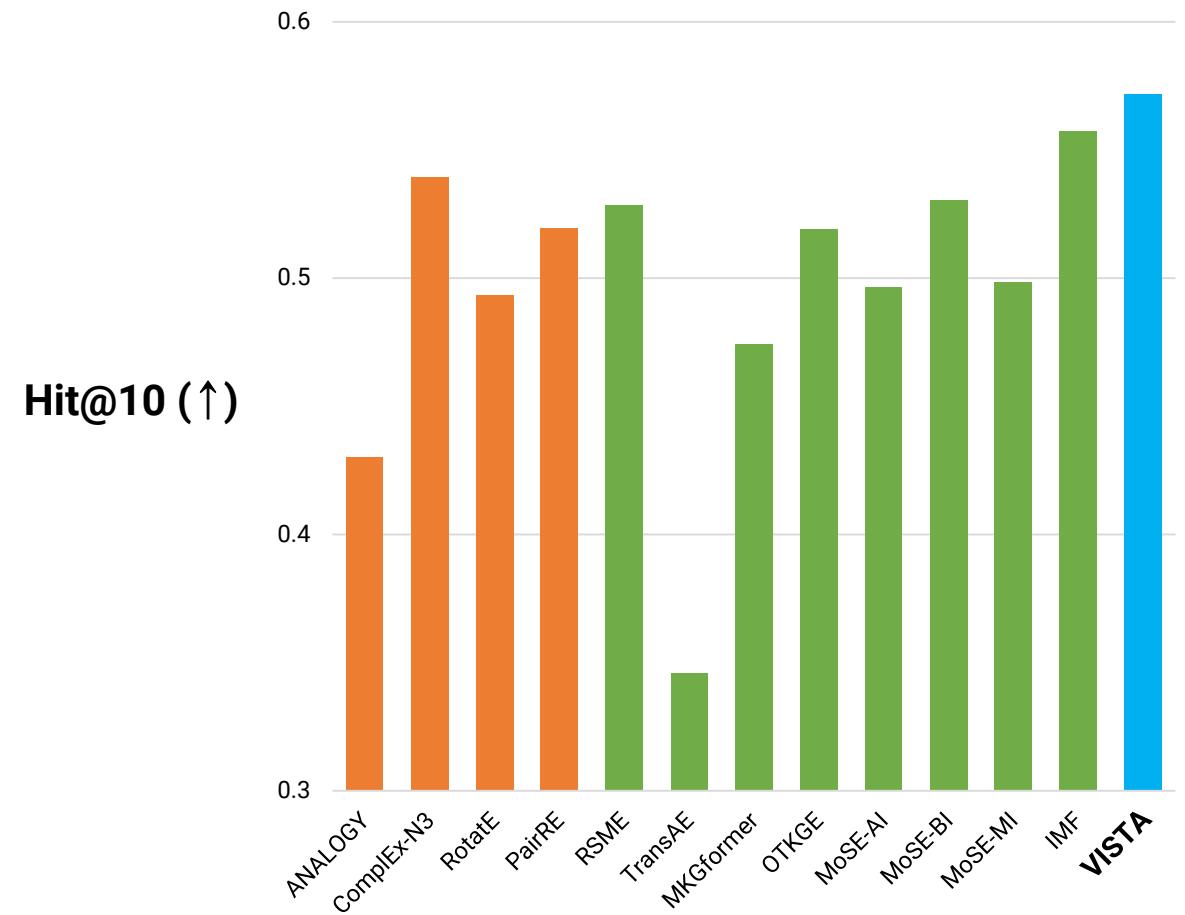


Knowledge Graph Completion Performance

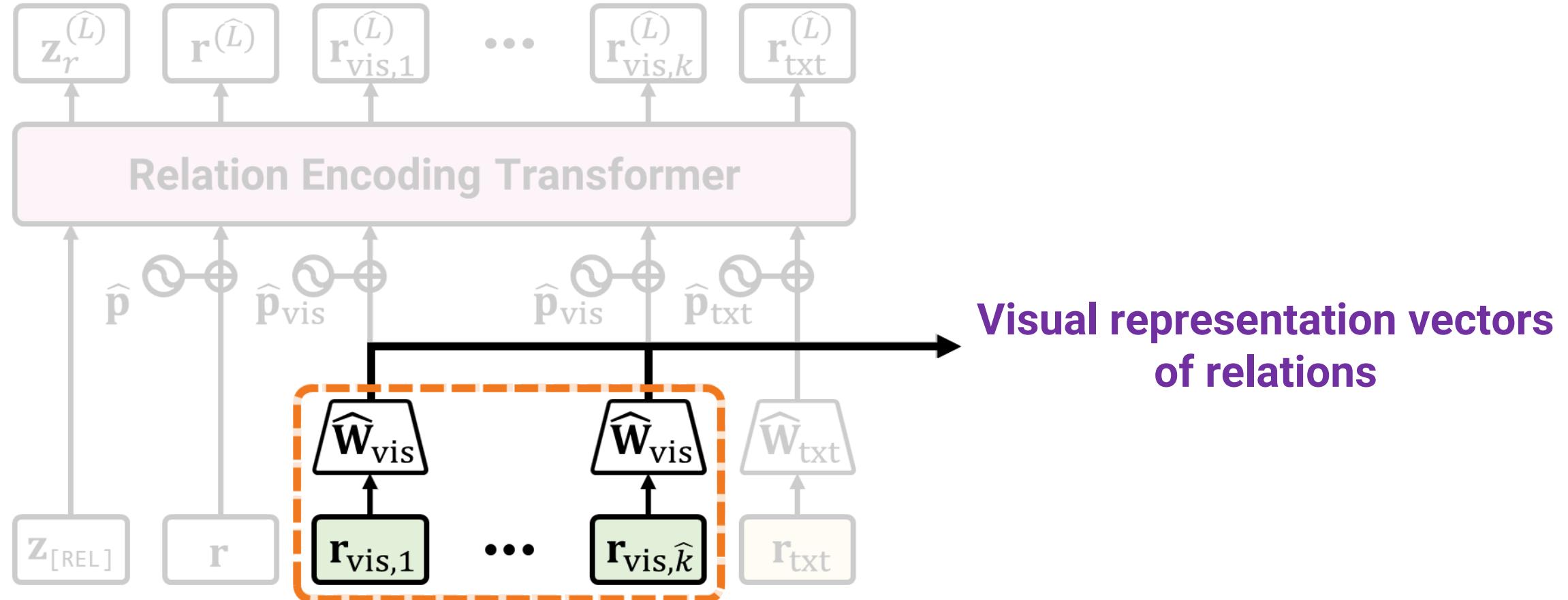
FB15K237



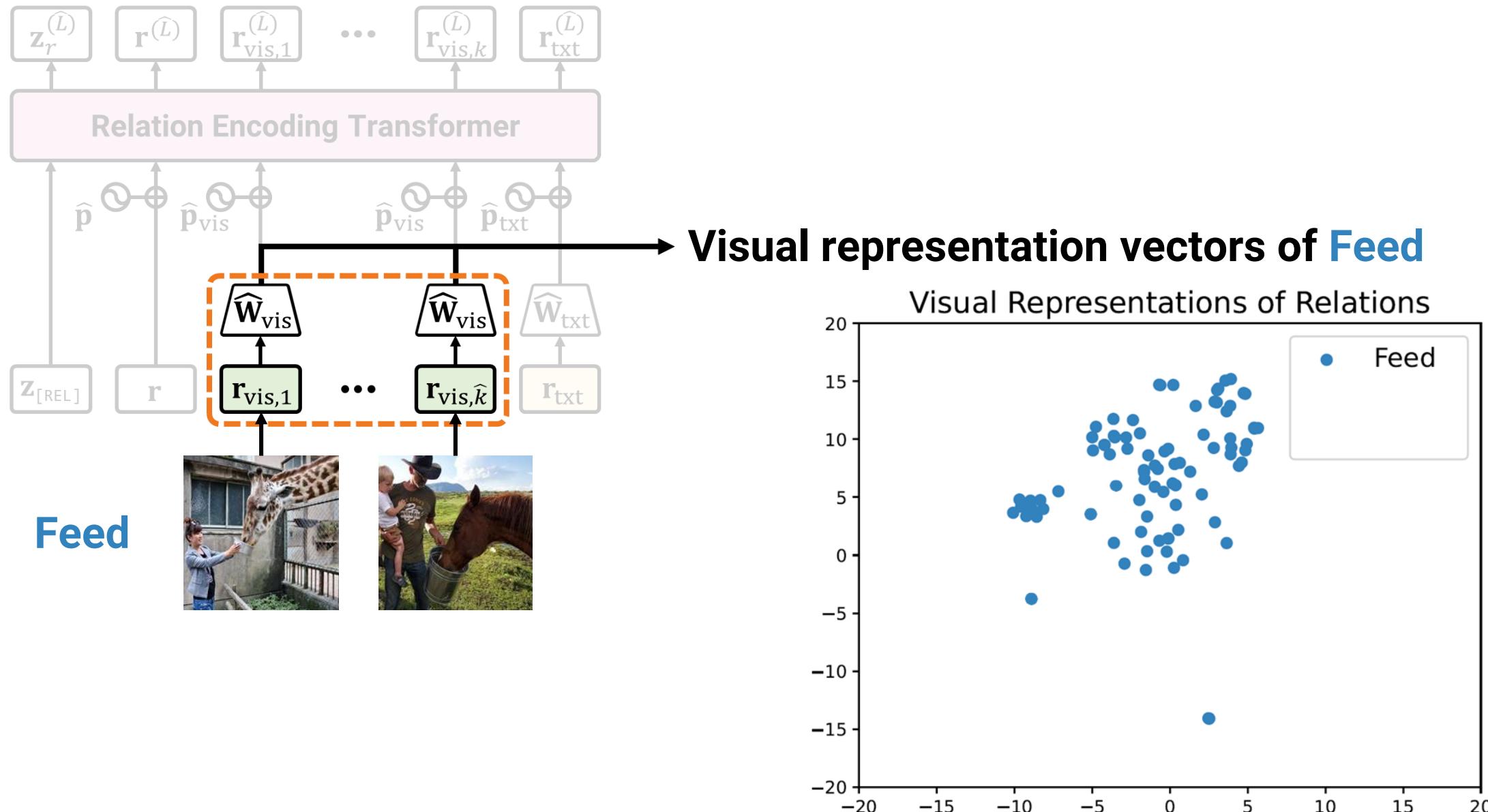
FB15K237



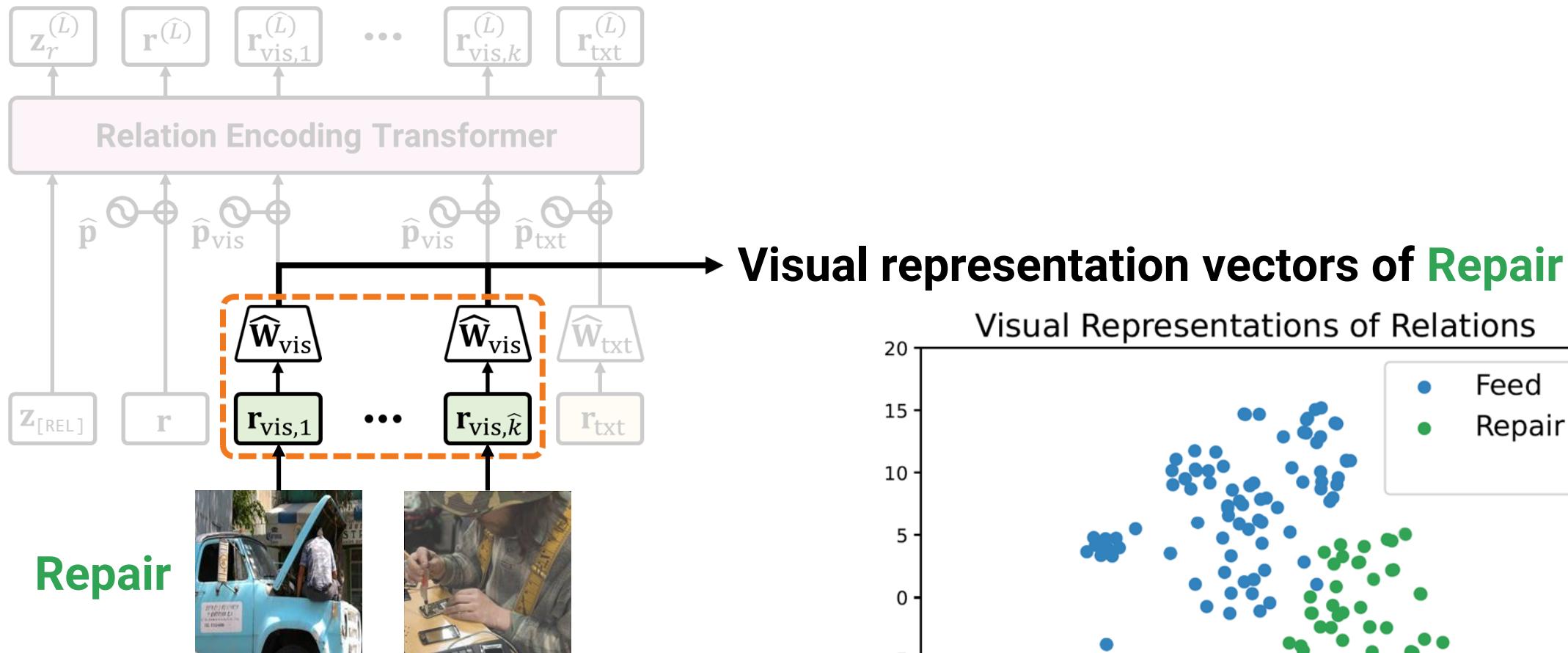
Visual Representation Vectors of Relations



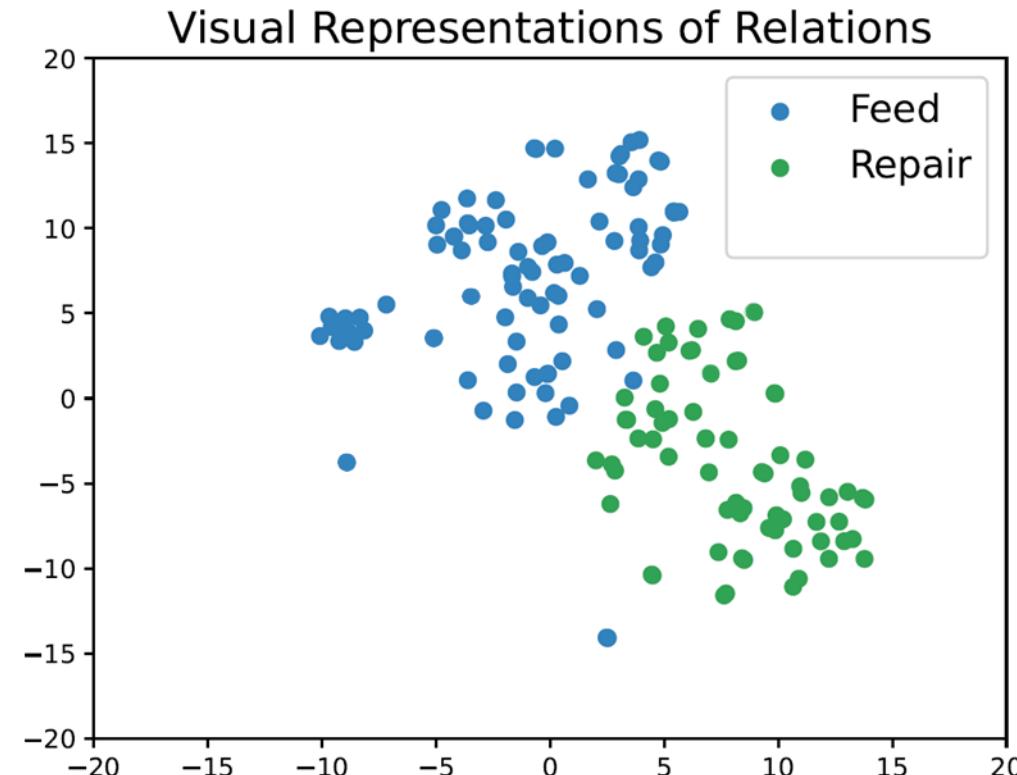
Visual Representation Vectors of Relations



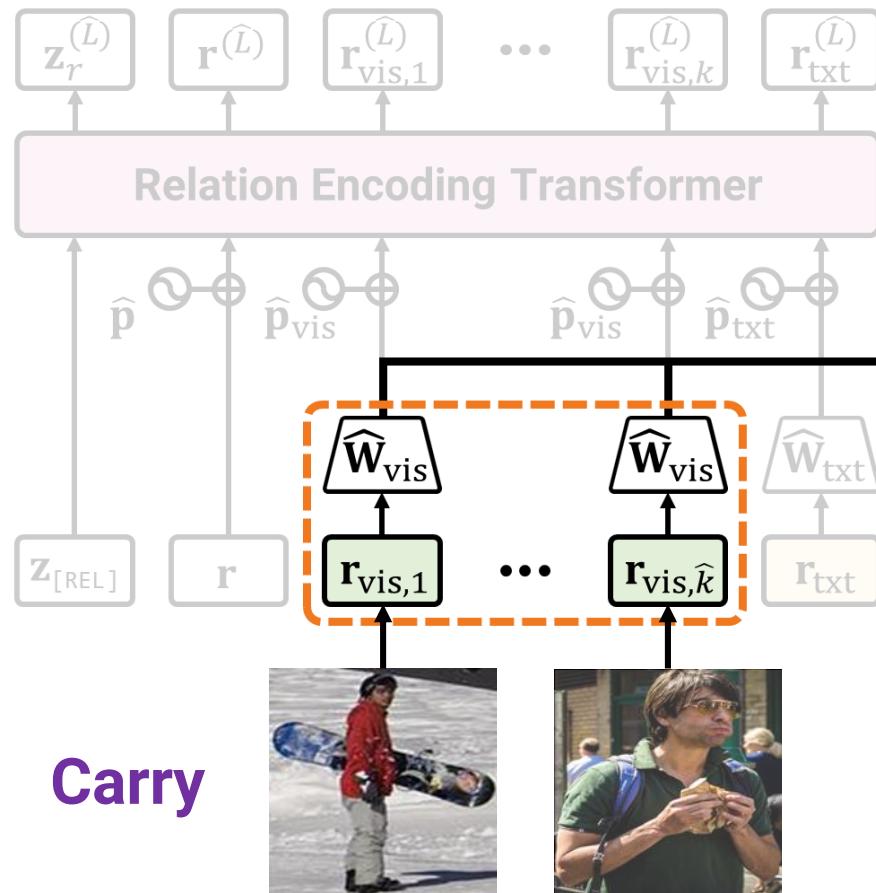
Visual Representation Vectors of Relations



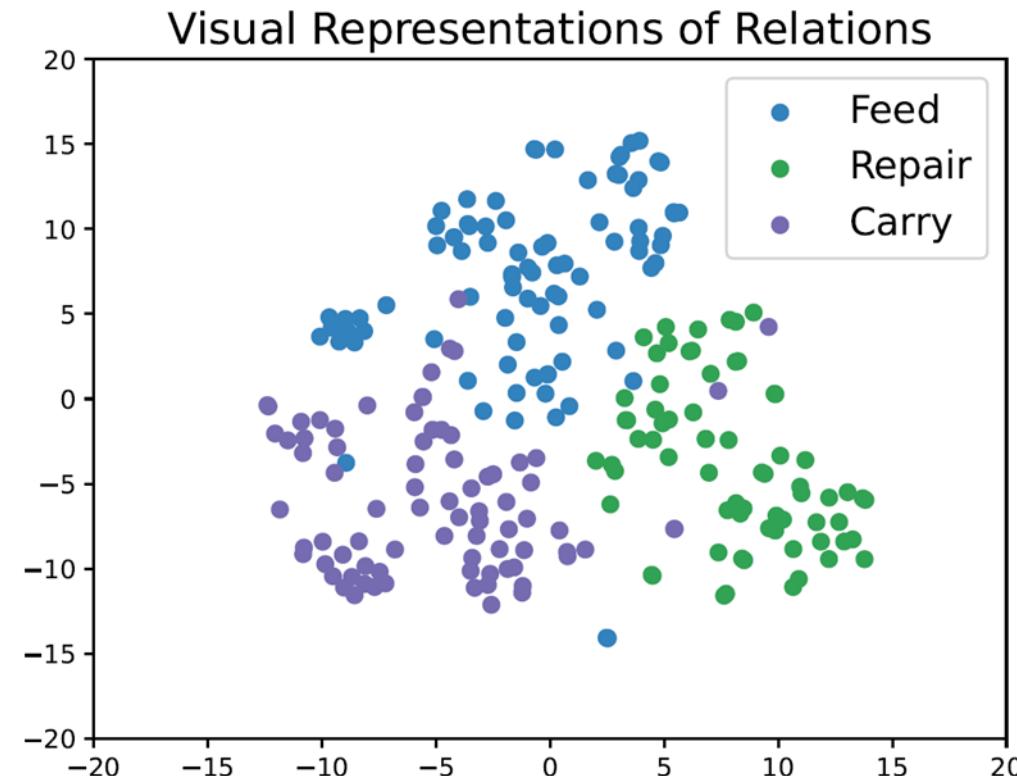
→ Visual representation vectors of **Repair**



Visual Representation Vectors of Relations



→ Visual representation vectors of **Carry**



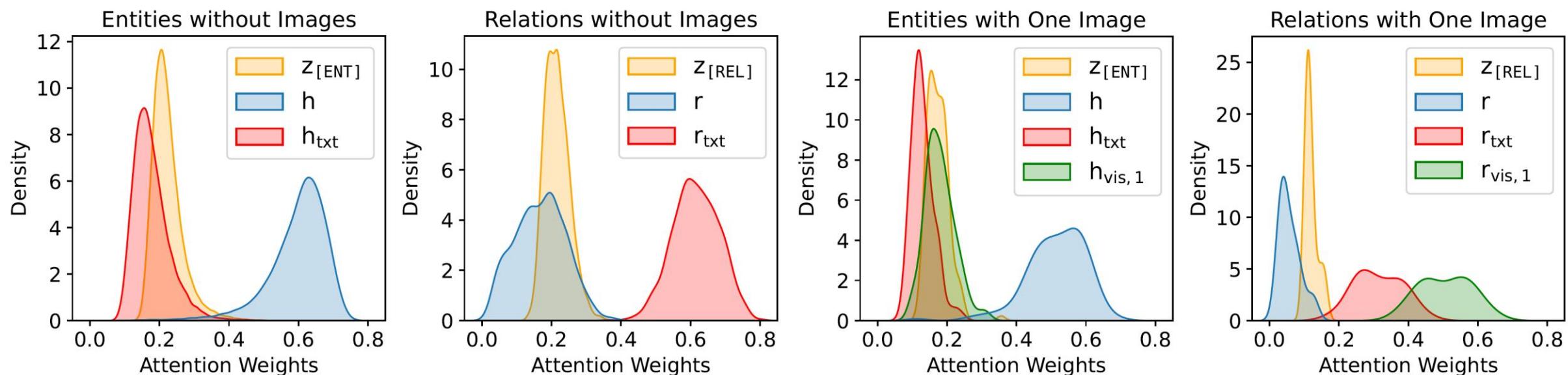
Top Similar Entities/Relations

- BERT returns **abstract concepts**; ViT returns **visually expressible concepts**.
- VISTA successfully returns the most semantically close entities and relations to the queries by utilizing **both texts and images**.

Query		BERT	ViT	VISTA
dark_red	1	incense	leisure_wear	orange
	2	coloring	sportswear	red
	3	buffer	sweatshirt	crimson
have	1	move	straddle	keep
	2	influence	hop_on	hold
	3	begin	inspect	incorporate

Attention Weights

- When images are not given, **learnable vectors** have relatively high attention weights in entities whereas **textual features** play the crucial role in relations.
- When an image is given, **learnable vectors** still have high importance in entities whereas **visual features** tend to have high contributions in relations.



Conclusion

- **Visual-Textual Knowledge Graphs (VTKGs)**
 - Visually expressible triplets are augmented by images
 - Both entities and relations have textual descriptions
- Propose **VISual-TextuAI (VISTA)** knowledge graph representation learning method to solve knowledge graph completion problems in real-world VTKG datasets
- VISTA takes into account the visual and textual features of entities and relations
- VISTA substantially outperforms 10 different state-of-the-art methods

Our datasets and codes are available at:

<https://github.com/bdi-lab/VISTA>



◀ GitHub

You can find us at:

{jjlee98, chanyoung.chung, jjwhang}@kaist.ac.kr

<https://bdi-lab.kaist.ac.kr>



◀ BDI Lab

